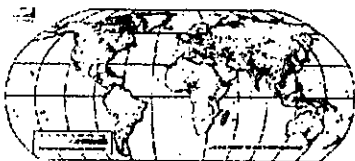


Density is...
the amount of _____ in a
given area.

Ex. population density

(Alaska has 1 person/mi², New Jersey has 1174 person/mi²)



Density

For science... density is equal to the mass
of a thing divided by its volume.

$$D = \frac{m}{v}$$

- Mass – amount of _____ – measured in _____ (g)
- Volume – amount of _____ something occupies – measured in _____ or _____
- Mass = D(v) v = m/d

Volume

For regularly shaped objects-

$$\text{_____} \sim (\text{cm}) \times (\text{cm}) \times (\text{cm}) = \text{cm}^3$$

For irregularly shaped objects- use

_____ (amount of water pushed
aside equals the volume of the object)



Archimedes Principle

- Archimedes- Greek philosopher
- Was in his bath tub one morning – he noticed that as his body went in to the water – the water rose out of the way. He realized that the volume of H₂O that rose was equal to the _____.
- So... the volume of an object is equal to the volume of _____ it displaces.
- 1g H₂O = 1mL H₂O = 1 cm³ H₂O



Buoyancy



- _____ force that keeps things afloat.
- in water: an object _____ if its buoyancy is greater than its weight; _____ if its weight is greater than its buoyancy
- the buoyant force on the solid object is equal to the weight of the water displaced

Practice time

- If an object has a density <1g/cm³, what will it do if placed in water?
- If an object has a density >1g/cm³, what will it do if placed in water?
- If an object has a density =1g/cm³, what will it do if placed in water?