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## Naming Ionic Compounds

## REMEMBER THE 2 SIMPLE RULES:

- Write cation first, then the anion.
- The correct formula contains the fewest positive and negative ions needed to make the total electrical charge zero.

Cation	Anion	Formula	Name
Na <sup>+1</sup>	HCO <sub>3</sub> -1		Sodium bicarbonate
K <sup>+1</sup>	CI <sup>-1</sup>		Potassium chloride
Zn <sup>2+</sup>	OH-1		Zinc hydroxide
Fe <sup>3+</sup>	O <sup>2-</sup>		Iron(III) oxide
Cu <sup>+1</sup>	O <sup>2</sup> -		Copper(I) oxide
Ba <sup>2+</sup>	F-1		Barium fluoride
Pb <sup>2+</sup>	NO <sub>3</sub> -1		Lead nitrate
NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+1</sup>	CO32-		Ammonium carbonate
Al <sup>3+</sup>	PO <sub>4</sub> 3-		Aluminum(III) phosphate
Mg <sup>2+</sup>	O <sup>2</sup> -		Magnesium oxide
Na <sup>+1</sup>	CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>		Sodium carbonate
Ag <sup>+1</sup>	PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>		Silver phosphate
Cd <sup>2+</sup>	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2</sup>		Cadmium sulfate
Fe <sup>2+</sup>	PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>		Iron(II) phosphate
Cu <sup>2+</sup>	NO <sub>2</sub> -1		Copper(II) nitrite
Na <sup>+1</sup>	SO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2</sup> -		Sodium sulfite
Al <sup>3+</sup>	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>		Aluminum sulfate
Fe <sup>3+</sup>	Cl-1		Iron(III) chloride
Ba <sup>2+</sup>	I <sup>-1</sup>		Barium iodide





## Polyatomic Ions and Writing Chemical Formulas (Criss-Cross Method)

Write the formulas of the compounds produced from the listed ions.

	Cl <sup>-1</sup>	CO <sub>3</sub> -2	OH <sup>-1</sup>	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-2</sup>	PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-3</sup>	NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-1</sup>
Na <sup>+1</sup>						
NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+1</sup>						
K <sup>+1</sup>						
Ca <sup>+2</sup>						
Mg <sup>+2</sup>						
Zn <sup>+2</sup>						
Fe <sup>+3</sup>						•
Al <sup>+3</sup>						
Co <sup>+3</sup>					3	
Fe <sup>+2</sup>			**			
H <sup>+1</sup>						